Project Purpose

The purpose of this project is to give librarians feedback on virtual reference skills such as listening/inquiring, searching, interest, and follow-up. RUSA has identified each of these skills as important guidelines for behavioral performance of reference and information service providers.

Rubric Purpose:

The purpose of this rubric is to provide measurable criteria to assess the text message reference skills of professional academic librarians for the last 3 calendar years. Results of this rubric are intended to be used as a teaching/training tool to communicate expectations and give informative feedback. The assessment goal is to improve the performance of professional librarians in the area of text reference message service at Newton Gresham Library.

		Accomplished - 3		Developing - 2		Beginning - 1
Listening/ Inquiring The reference	1.	Communicates in a clearly receptive/cordial/ encouraging manner Uses concise language, abbreviations if	1. 2.	Communicates in a receptive/cordial/ encouraging manner Uses concise language, abbreviations if	1. 2.	Communicates in an abrupt manner Does not use concise language, sending responses that exceed two
interview is the heart of the reference transaction and is crucial to the success of the process. The librarian must be		appropriate, limiting responses to one text message (or 160 characters) per patron query	_	appropriate, limiting responses to no more than two text messages (or 320 characters) per patron query		text messages (over 320 characters) per patron query
effective in identifying the patron's information needs and must do so in a manner that keeps patrons at ease. Strong listening and questioning skills	3.	appropriate to encourage the patron to expand on the request or present additional information. Some examples of such questions include: -Please tell me more about your topic.	3.	Does not use open-ended questioning techniques even when appropriate to encourage the patron to expand on the request or present additional information.	3.	Does not use open-ended questioning techniques even when appropriate to encourage the patron to expand on the request or present additional information.
are necessary for a positive interaction.	4.	-What additional information can you give me? -How much information do you need? Uses closed questions if appropriate to refine the search query. Some examples of clarifying questions are:	4.	search query. Some examples of clarifying questions are: -What types of information do you need (books, articles, etc.)? -Do you need current or historical	4.	Does not use closed questions to refine the search query.
		-What types of information do you need (books, articles, etc.)? -Do you need current or historical information?		information?		

A successful librarian must demonstrate a high degree of interest in the reference transaction. While not every query will contain stimulating intellectual challenges the	1. 2. 3.	minutes or less during library operation hours (hours during which the library is open)	1. 2. 3.	No automatic response acknowledges user questions submitted outside of library operation hours (hours during which the library is open) Provides an initial response to the patron in a timely manner, between 30 and 60 minutes during library operation hours (hours during which the library is open) Responds to follow-up questions, if appropriate, between 30 and 60 minutes during library operation hours (hours during which the library is open)	1. 2. 3.	No automatic response acknowledges user questions submitted outside of library operation hours (hours during which the library is open) Provides an initial response to the patron after more than 60 minutes during library operation hours (hours during which the library is open) Responds to follow-up questions, if appropriate, after more than 60 minutes during library operation hours (hours during which the library is open)
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Searching	1.	Names the sources to be used, when appropriate.	1.	Names the sources to be used, when appropriate.	1.	Does not name the sources to be used when appropriate.
The search process is the portion of the transaction in which behavior and accuracy intersect. Without an effective search,	2.	Works with the patron to narrow or broaden the topic when too little or too much information is identified. Recognizes when to refer the patron to a	2.	Indicates that the patron needs to narrow or broaden the topic when too little or too much information is identified.	2.	Does not work with the patron to narrow or broaden the topic when too little or too much information is identified.
not only is the desired information unlikely to be		more appropriate guide, database, library, librarian, or other resource.	3.	Recognizes when to refer the patron to a more appropriate guide, database, library, librarian, or other resource when	3.	Does not refer the patron to a more appropriate guide, database, library, librarian, or other resource when
found, but patrons may become discouraged as well. Yet many of the aspects of	4.	Offers detailed search paths or links/URLs to needed electronic resources. Excessively long links have been converted to a shorter link (for example, using Tiny.URL)	4.	appropriate Offers detailed search paths or links/URLs to needed electronic	4.	appropriate Does not offer detailed search paths or links/URLs to needed electronic
searching that lead to accurate results	5.	If appropriate, detailed directions to physical		resources.		resources.
are still dependent on the behavior of the librarian.		resources are given, for example - Call #s and Floor #s - Room #s	5.	If appropriate, general directions to physical resources are given, for example – either call #s or floor #s, but not both.	5.	Even if appropriate, directions to physical resources are not given.
Rubric Notes	for	Searching:				

Close-ended questions that required little or no searching on the part of the librarian received the "Accomplished" (3) rating.

Follow-up	1.	Encourages the patron to return if they have	1.	Does not encourage the patron to	1.	Does not encourage the patron to
-		further questions by making a statement such		return if they have further questions.		return if they have further questions.
The reference transaction does not end when the librarian leaves the patrons. The		as – "if you don't find what you are looking for, please come back and we'll try something else" or similar.	2.	Makes the patron aware of other reference services, if appropriate (email, instant chat, phone, etc.)	2.	Does not make the patron aware of other reference services even when appropriate (email, instant chat,
librarian is	2.	Makes the patron aware of other reference	-			phone, etc.)
responsible for determining if the patrons are		services, if appropriate (email, instant chat, phone, etc.)	3.	Does not make arrangements, when appropriate, with the patron to research a question even after the reference	3.	Does not make arrangements, when appropriate, with the patron to
satisfied with the results of the search, and is also	3.	Makes arrangements, when appropriate, with the patron to research a question even after		transaction has been completed.		research a question even after the reference transaction has been
responsible for referring the patrons to other		the reference transaction has been completed.	4.	Does not refer the patron to other sources or institutions when the query		completed.
sources, even when those sources are not available in the local library	4.	Refers the patron to other sources or institutions when the query cannot be		cannot be answered to the satisfaction of the patron.	4.	Does not refer the patron to other sources or institutions when the query cannot be answered to the satisfaction
,		answered to the satisfaction of the patron.	5.	Takes care not to end the reference interview prematurely.		of the patron.
	5.	Takes care not to end the reference interview prematurely.			5.	Ends the reference interview prematurely, before answering or addressing all parts of a question.